MAY, 1784. THE NUMB. 2816.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 1784.

IMPORTED
In the Sally, Captain Dodgson, and the Active, Captain Powell, from Liverpool,

And now opening for SALE,

On the reasonableſt Terms, for Caſh or a ſhort Credit, by

JOHN SHIELDS,

At his STORE, in Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the City Tavern,---
A handſome Aſſortment of

Mancheſter and other GOODS,

Among which are,-----

FINE coloured Nankeen and white Threads, from No. 8 to 44; a compleat Aſſortment of Bobbins and Tapes, from No. 3 to 145; Cloth coloured, black, blue, pink, crimſon, red, white and yellow, narrow and broad Bindings; ſtriped Tickings and Bed-bunts; 10 and 11 Qrs. Cotton Counterpaines of elegant Patterns; 10 and 11 Nails Checks and Stripes; 3-4ths, 7-8ths and Yard-wide Linen and Cotton Checks, in Half Pieces; Yard, 3-8ths Linen and Cotton Checks, in Half Pieces; Linen and Cotton Hollands, in Half Pieces; A Variety of Check and other Handkerchiefs, by the Dozen; Dimities, Drawboys and Marſeilles Quiltings; Corduroys, Corduetts, Queen's and King's Cords, dyed and plain, in Half Pieces; black Raven Greys and Cloth coloured Sewing Silks, in Quarters; Scarffe Twiſt, of the firſt Quality and of all Colours, in two ounces; three Cord white Stiching Silk, in Half Pounds, ſuitable for Glove, Breeches and Stay-makers; two hundred Bags of Baſket and flat Death-head Buttons; blue, light and dark Drab, Olive, Buff, white and ſilvered Hair Plushes, ſuitable for Breeches and Saddles, &c. &c.

P. S. The ſaid Shields, having a large and well ſituated Store, purpoſes to take in Goods for Sale on a low Commiſſion, and hopes, from his long Reſidence and general Knowledge of the Trade, as well in the City as the Country, to give Satisfaction.

He has now to LETT, a Place ſeven Miles from Town, well adapted for a Country Seat, and two genteel Houſes, in the beſt Neighbourhoods in this City. Philad. May 19.

Imported in the Olive Branch, Captain Willet, from London, and now opening for SALE, by

ROBERT TOWERS,

Next to the Preſbyterian Meeting-Houſe, in Market-ſtreet,
A freſh ASSORTMENT of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

Of the firſt Quality, among which are the following,

AQUA Fortis Duplex,	Jeſuits Bark,
Balſam Capivi,	Jallap,
---------- Peruv.	Ipecacuanna,
---------- Tolut.	Manna,
Borax,	Oil of Vitriol,
Camphor,	Opium,
Cantharides,	Rhubarb,
Cream of Tartar,	Saffron,
Flour of Sulphur,	Sena,
Glauber's Salts,	Tartar Emetic,

A Variety of genuine Patent Medicines,
viz. Anderſon's, Hooper's and Lockyer's Pills, Bateman's Drops, Britiſh Oil, Daſly's Elixer, Godfrey's Cordial, Harlæm Oil, James's Fever Powder, Morgan's Sago Powder, Turlington's Balſam, &c.

And by TOWERS & EVANS,
Window-Glaſs, Coach-Glaſs and Painters Colours,

London White Lead, dry and ground in Oil,	King's Yellow,
Red Lead, do. do.	Lamp Black,
Spaniſh Brown, do. do.	Litharge,
Yellow Oker, do. do.	Magnes,
Annatto,	Naples Yellow,
Black Lead,	Pruſſian Blue,
Blue Black,	Roſe Pink,
Carmine,	Smalt,
Drop Lake,	Spaniſh Whiting,
Dutch Pink,	Stone Oker,
Flake White,	Turkey Umber,
Frankfort Black,	Venetian Red,
Ivory Black,	Verdigreaſe,
Indian Ink,	Vermillion,
	White Vitriol,

Gold Leaf, Linſeed Oil, Spirits of Turpentine, Painters Bruſhes, Saſh Tools, Camels Hair Pencils, Glaziers Diamonds, Pallet Knives, &c. &c. &c. ¶

Juſt imported in the Aſtrea, Mildred and Olive Branch, from London; the America, and other late veſſels from Briſtol, and now opening for ſale, by

John & James Oldden,

In Second-ſtreet, eight doors below Market-ſtreet.

LARGE elegant Oval Looking-Glaſſes,
Wilton Carpets of various ſizes,
Compleat aſſortment of Hoſiery,
Hair and red Leather Trunks in Neſts,
Cambricks, Lawns, Taffities and red Flannels,
Hyſon and Souchong Tea in Cheſts, and Pepper in Bales,
Durants, Callimancoes and Moreens,
Red Lead in ſmall Caſks,
10d. Nails, with a large variety of other articles too tedious to enumerate.

A freſh importation of choice

GARDEN SEEDS,

BY a perſon lately arrived here from London, who, from a thorough knowledge of the gardening buſineſs, hopes to eſtabliſh himſelf in or near this city, as a ſeedſman, nurſeryman and floriſt, now offers this aſſortment as a ſample on very low terms; in the collection there are true early and beſt late colliflowers, moſt of the approved broccolis, red cabbage, with a variety of other choice kinds from the earlieſt heads, and in due ſucceſſion to the lateſt ſavoys, winter greens, &c. peas and beans of every curious valuable kind, true early London ſhort topped beſt ſalmon, and real turnip rooted raddiſhes, lettices in variety, onions, leeks, beets, parſnips and carrots, with moſt other approved kitchen garden ſeeds, a variety of ſweet herbs, and a curious collection of beſt flower ſeeds in ſmall lots or aſſortments.

The above are now ſelling by Mr. WILLIAM WOODHOUSE, bookſeller and ſtationer in Front-ſtreet, next door to the Coffee-houſe, and at lower rates than the common ſeeds ſell in the market. *Philadelphia, May* 19, 1784. †

Juſt imported in the Aſtrea, Captain Pinkham, from London,

By *Lamb* and *Checkley,*

And now opening at their STORE, on the north ſide of ARCH-STREET, half way between Front and Second-ſtreets,
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

European and India GOODS,

Suitable to the preſent and approaching Seaſon,
Which they will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms for CASH OR SHORT CREDIT.

N. B. The Honorable the Financier's Notes, or any good Paper Securities, Tobacco, Flour, Barr-Iron, &c. will be taken in payment. t b c t f. *May* 22, 1634.

GEORGE HUNTER,

DRUGGIST,

On the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, midway between Front and Second-ſtreets, is now opening a freſh importation of

MEDICINES, Paints, Bruſhes, Glaſs, Dye-ſtuffs, &c. Which he ſells WHOLESALE or RETAIL, for Caſh, Morris's Notes, Pennſylvania or Jerſey State Money, and Certificates, Bees-Wax, Snakeroot, Ginſeng, Bar-Iron, Flour, or any other Merchantable produce. Orders accompanied with any of the above named articles, ſhall be complied with in the moſt expeditious and punctual manner. †

Philadelphia, May 24, 1784.

A SCHOOL,

For teaching the ENGLISH, LATIN and GREEK LANGUAGES, with WRITING and ARITHMETIC,

IS now ready to be opened at Mrs. MARSHALL's, the South-weſt corner of Spruce and Third-ſtreets, where the ſtricteſt attention will be given to inſtruct YOUTH, accurately, in thoſe neceſſary and uſeful Branches of EDUCATION.

Thoſe who are deſirous of further information, on directing a Line to the Subſcriber, for that purpoſe, with their Addreſs, will be waited upon by their moſt humble ſervant.

¶ 6 w. JOHN GRAHAM.

To be SOLD, at public Vendue,

By the Subſcriber, at the premiſes, on the 5th Day JUNE next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon,

A Beautiful PLANTATION, containing 120 Acres of good Land, be the ſame more or leſs; ſituate in the Township of Providence, County of Philadelphia, adjoining Reading Road, and Lands of John Cornman and Joſeph Cauffman; 22 Miles from the City. There is on ſaid Plantation a large Two-ſtory Dwelling-houſe, furniſhed with ſeveral Rooms and Cellars under, and alſo a large ſtone Barn and Stables, a Smith-ſhop and Coal-houſe and other out Buildings, alſo a large bearing Apple-Orchard, and other excellent Fruit-Trees of various kinds, and a large quantity of good watered Meadow and Plenty of excellent Timber land; there is alſo a Well of good Water near the Houſe; the whole in good Repair, and the Title indiſputable. For terms apply to HENRY MARSTELLER.

N. B. Any perſon inclining to buy, may apply before the Day of Sale. ¶ *April* 14th, 1784.

To be SOLD cheap for *CASH,*

A TRACT of LAND, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of the north-eaſt branch of Saſquehanna river, in the county of Northumberland, adjoining land ſurveyed to George Ballard, and containing 332 acres and the uſual allowance for roads.

ALSO one undivided moiety or half part of one other tract of LAND, near to or adjoining the above mentioned tract, and containing 321 and an half acres, and allowances aforeſaid. Theſe two tracts have been duly ſurveyed, returned and patented, previous to the month of April, 1775. The ſoil is good, ſeveral fine ſprings are on the ſame, and water ſufficient for a mill or mills; the ſituation being not above nine miles from the town of Sunbury. For terms appy to RICHARD WHITEHEAD, Scrivener, at his Office on the eaſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, between Vine and Callowhill-ſtreets, who has ſeveral Lots in the city and liberties of Philadelphia to SELL, or LETT on GROUND-RENT for ever. †

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Cæcil county, near Elk Forge, on the 12th inſt. Two Servant Men, one named RICHARD MARTIN, but ſometimes calls himſelf M'LAGHLAN, a ſhoemaker by trade, works well, particularly at ſtuff, about 21 years of age, and about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, well made, full faced, brown hair untied, a little inclined to curl, has ſomething of a liſp in his ſpeech, is apt to get drunk. Had on when he went away, a round wool hat, a dark grey coating coat broken in the elbows, brown cloth jacket clouded with white, and mended on each ſide with white cloth, coarſe linen drawers, ribbed ſtockings, but his dreſs is uncertain, as he is apt to ſwap his cloaths. It is ſuppoſed that he ſtole a yelloviſh coloured coat, with white metal buttons, a feather velvet jacket, black velveret breeches, three pair of worſted ſtockings, all ribbed, coloured brown, blue and grey, one pair of ribbed thread, and two holland ſhirts; which cloaths, it is probable, he may wear or attempt to ſell. He was ſeen paſſing through Germantown on Thurſday laſt.

The other named WILLIAM CONNOR, a taylor by trade, about 23 years of age, and about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, brown hair ſometimes tied, ſpeaks ſo faſt that he can ſcarce be underſtood, and is quite deaf, inclined to ſtrong drink. Had on when he went away, a round wool hat bound with ſilk, a yellow coloured coat broken under the arms, white ticking jacket, check trowſers, and black ribbed ſtockings. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervants, and ſecures them in any goal, ſo that their maſter may have them, ſhall have the above reward, or FOUR DOLLARS for any one of them, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

May 23, 1784. ¶ ANDREW COCHRAN.

Lancaſter county, May 15, 1784.

TO ALL CONCERNED,

THIS may ſerve to INFORM, that I GEORGE ESPEY, late of Northumberland county, State of Pennſylvania, Yeoman, have applied by petition to The Honorable the Houſe of Aſſembly, praying them to grant me a liberation, total and abſolute divorce from my late wife, HANNAH ROSBOROUGH, guilty of the abominable crime of Adultery. And I hereby call upon all perſons whatever, that have any thing to offer againſt the ſaid bill being enacted into a law, to produce their objections, in twelve days after the meeting of the next Seſſion of Aſſembly. † GEORGE ESPEY.

City Vendue-Store.

THE CITY AUCTIONEERS having found from Experience, many Inconveniences ariſing from MONDAY being a fixed Day for Sales at the Store.

Their FRIENDS and the PUBLIC will therefore be pleaſed to obſerve, that in future, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS will be the fixed Days for SALES at the Store, and every MARKET-DAY (as uſual) at the COFFEE-HOUSE.

The Sale of HOUSHOLD FURNITURE will commence at Nine o'Clock in the Morning, and DRY GOODS immediately after.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

At the CITY VENDUE STORE,

At TEN o'CLOCK,

On FRIDAY next,

Will begin the SALE of

A VERY large Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable to the approaching Seaſon.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

On TUESDAY,

The 25th Inſtant, at XII o'CLOCK, at the COFFEE-HOUSE,

Will be SOLD by public Vendue,

PART of that elegant COUNTRY SEAT, formerly owned by Captain John M'Pherſon, pleaſantly ſituated on the river Schuylkill, four miles from the city, containing 22 acres and 3 quarters, 5 of which are watered meadow. There are on the premiſes, a ſtone dwelling-houſe, an excellent ſtone quarrey, and an excellent ſhad fiſhery. The conditions will be made known at the time and place of ſale.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

To be SOLD at public Vendue,

On the 29th inſtant, at 12 o'clock, at the Coffee-houſe,

EIGHT LOTS of GROUND, adjoining each other, four of them ſituate on the north ſide of Arch-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth-ſtreets from Schuylkill, each containing 25 feet front on Arch-ſtreet, by 153 feet deep.

The other four fronting on the middle of Cherry-alley, each 25 feet front, and 153 feet deep. *May* 17, 1784.

PURSUANT to an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Bucks county, We, the ſubſcribers, appointed by the ſaid court to ſettle and adjuſt the accounts of the creditors of BENJAMIN LUKENS, late of the ſaid county, have appointed to meet at the houſe of AMOS DILWORTH, in Warminſter township, on the firſt day of June next, at nine o'clock in the morning, at which time all the ſaid creditors are deſired to attend, with their accounts properly atteſted, in order to have their dividends ſettled of the effects of ſaid Lukens, which have been attached by the Sheriff of the ſaid county.

DANIEL LONGSTRETH,
April 24, 1784. § ISAAC HOUGH,
ROBERT COMLY.

To be SOLD, by Public Vendue,

At the Northern Liberty Auction Store, on the 26th inſt. (May) at three o'clock in the afternoon,

THREE LOTS of GROUND, in Bath Town, one of them a very valuable lot at the interſection of Second-ſtreet with the Germantown road, having a front of 128 feet on each. The other two are each 20 feet front on two ſtreets, and are about 270 feet deep, from Pitt-ſtreet to Third-ſtreet, and are numbered in the plan of ſaid town, No. 1, No. 106, and No. 107. The conditions of ſale will be made known, and the plan of the ſaid town ſhewn, at the place of ſale. Likewiſe at Chriſtopher Baker's, at the corner of Second and Vine-ſtreets.

† JOSHUA CRESSON, Attorney to Samuel Emlen.

Philadelphia, 5th Month 11th, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

A BRICK DWELLING-HOUSE, with a large LOT of GROUND appurtenant, on the Main ſtreet in the town of Wilmington, Delaware State, inferior to none in the government for ſize and convenience, and is in compleat repair; poſſeſſion may be had immediately. If not ſold by the fifteenth of the ſixth month, next, then to be let. For terms apply in Cheſtnut ſtreet, near Third ſtreet, to ¶ JONATHAN DAWES.

N. B. Land, approved of, would be taken in payment.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On the 12th day of June next,

A PLANTATION, containing about 220 acres of good land, ſituate in Charleſtown, Cheſter county, within two miles of the Valley-Forge, joining land of Patrick Anderſon, Eſquire, Lewellin Davis, and others: There are on this farm a good ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, with a ſquare log houſe joining thereto, and a cellar nearly under the whole, a good well of water within 8 feet of the kitchen fire, 19 days mowing of good meadow, and more may be made. It is capable of being made as good a farm as any within ſeveral miles. The title is good, and attendance will be given by the owner, HENRY MILLER. ¶

Juſt Arrived, and to be SOLD by

EPHRAIM CLARK,

CLOCK and WATCH MAKER, at the corner of Market and Front-ſtreets, Philadelphia,

A NUMBER of new enamell'd and other Eight day and Thirty hour Clocks; likewiſe, capt and other Watches, warranted good, as well as an aſſorted invoice of Watch Materials and Tools, conſiſting of Cutting-nippers, Plyers, Tail-vizes, Screw-plates, Blow-pipes, Calipers, Saws, Screw-drivers, large and ſmall, Bench-vizes, Glaſſes, Chains, &c. &c. &c. Orders from the country carefully attended to.

N. B. Likewiſe Watches repaired as uſual. †

To be SOLD at private Sale,

TWO Hundred Acres of Wood-land, about ten miles from Amboy, and about the ſame from New-Bruniwick, in Middleſex county, New-Jerſey; and 300 acres of uncultivated land in Northampton county, Pennſylvania, about 70 miles from Philadelphia: Likewiſe a right to 100 acres in the Gulph Hills. One third of the purchaſe money to be paid down, and one third yearly, with lawful intereſt, until the whole is paid. Apply to ABIGAIL COLLEY, JONATHAN COLLEY, and JACOB PETERMAN. ¶

By the WASHINGTON, Capt. DALE, from London, we have the following Advices, viz.

TUNIS, *January* 22.

THIS Regency has declared war againſt the Republic of Venice.

Vienna, March 6. From all the provinces of this monarchy we receive the moſt affliCting accounts of the ſhocking devaſtation occaſioned by the ſudden thaw of the rivers. We are informed, that part of the city of Prague is under water; the loſs occaſioned by the floods is conſiderable; the great bridge is ſo much damaged, that it cannot be paſſed over without danger; the guard houſe there has been thrown down, and four men killed; the cities of Lintz and Preſbourg have ſhared the ſame fate. At Tiſchamont the waters have riſen to a prodigious height; at Schiſnau, in the ſame neighbourhood, 40 houſes have been ſubmerged by the waters, ſo that it was impoſſible to give any aſſiſtance to the unfortunate inhabitants, victims of this terrible diſaſter.

Vienna, March 20. On the 7th, 8th and 9th inſt. the cities of Buda and Peſt, in Hungary, were expoſed to horrid ravages, occaſioned by the overflowing of the Danube. The greateſt part of theſe cities are under water, and that of Peſt reſembles an iſland. The loſs of cattle, merchandize and effects, is immenſe.

The moſt melancholy details of the inundations occaſioned by the thaw arrive here from almoſt all parts of Germany, the Low Countries, France, Italy, &c. ſo that theſe misfortunes ſeem to have been the lot of almoſt all the countries of Europe.

Paris, March 11. Letters from Marſeilles confirm the news that the Emperor of Morocco has declared war againſt France. The ſhips which are expoſed to the attacks of the Corſairs cannot now depart without convoy.

Hungary, Feb. 28. The 23d of laſt month, ſeveral violent ſhocks of an earthquake were felt in the county of Marmaroch; moſt of the houſes of Maroſch Sigeth have been damaged, and it is feared that they may have affected the ſalt-pits which ſupply the whole kingdom with ſalt.

Madrid, March 5. The overflowings of the rivers which traverſe our provinces have occaſioned frightful devaſtations. The Guadalavier eſpecially has thrown down an infinite number of houſes, and occaſioned the greateſt deſolation in all the places which it has inundated.

March 7. Letters from Mexico adviſe, that the new town of Guatimala and the neighbouring places have experienced a terrible ſhock of an earthquake, which threw down a number of houſes, and greatly damaged ſeveral others.

Paris, March 18. All the debts of the preceding war, as well as the bills of exchange of the Colonies, are to be converted into contracts of perpetual annuities, at four per cent. without reſerve.

March 25. A report prevails that the famous proceſs inſtituted at L'Orient, is terminated in favor of Comte de Graſs; but the report is not yet confirmed.

Frankfort, March 5. We are, thank God, paſt the worſt of the inundation: The water was only a foot lower than it was in the memorable inundation of 1682. The ſame was remarkable at Hanau, but in other places the water was even higher than it was in the year 1595. The damage done is very great, and vaſt numbers of lives have been loſt.

Elſineur, Jan. 29. The number of veſſels frozen up here this winter is greater than for 40 years paſt, there are of all nations. A change of weather is univerſally prayed for, but as yet there is not the leaſt appearance of any alteration.

Heidelberg, Feb. 27. This morning the beautiful bridge of this city was carried away by the ice; half the town is under water, and the deſtruction and miſery both within and without the walls is beyond deſcription. The inhabitants of Neuenheim have all taken refuge in other places, and oppoſite to that village the ice is accumulated in heaps as high as a houſe.

Genoa, Feb. 11. The ſtorm which happened in the night of the 3d inſtant has done immenſe damage; the hail which fell was of a very large ſize, and has done a vaſt deal of miſchief in the country; ſeveral houſe-tops have been blown off, and many trees torn up by the roots; the olive trees have particularly ſuffered. The damage done is valued at a million, and no doubt we ſhall have accounts of great damage being done at ſea.

Frankfort on the Main, March 7. We receive from every quarter melancholy accounts of the conſequences of the thaw, and overflowing of the Rhine, the Main, and the Necker. Many houſes and mills at Sachſenhauſen have been ſwept away; 13 houſes were thrown down at Miltemberg, and a number of perſons buried in their ruins; many edifices have been waſhed away by the torrent at Kitringen; one half of the town of Bonn is under water, as well as the villages of Limperic, Baul, and Schevartz-Shaindorffe; the Lutheran church, and 130 houſes, have been deſtroyed at Mulheim.

Franckfort, March 15. The inhabitants of Offenbach, being ſurrounded by the waters, and in want of proviſions, promiſed a reward of 100 crowns to any perſon who had the courage to bring them ſome. No one dared to venture; at length a few accompliſhed it, and refuſed the proffered reward.

Venice, March 6. The Bey of Tunis has broke the peace with this Republic, on account of our not making him preſents four times more valuable than uſual. The Senate immediately came to a reſolution to ſend out a ſquadron of nine ſhips of the line, of 70 and 90 guns, four frigates and eight chebecs, to bring that Regency to reaſon, and to protect, at the ſame time, the Venetian flag in the Mediterranean, which is under the command of the Chevalier Emo, a noble Venetian, of the higheſt reputation in the marine of the Republic.

LONDON.

March 19. The laſt letters from Liſbon concur in declaring, that during the latter end of January, and the whole of laſt month, the weather had been more tempeſtuous than had ever been known at that ſeaſon. A great number of ſhips have been lately loſt, and a much greater damaged. On the 28th ult. it was computed that in the courſe of three weeks 164 dead bodies had been taken up in different parts of the Tagus.

Letters are received in town from Leghorn, by which it appears, that the ſtorm which did ſo much damage to the Dutch ſquadron laſt month, was felt univerſally from the iſland of Sicily to Cape-Hieres in France. A number of veſſels of different nations were wrecked, and others driven into ports in diſtreſs, many totally diſmaſted. Two Neapolitan gallies, an Imperial Eaſt-Indiaman from Trieſte, and a Genoeſe man of war, are among the wrecks.

March 20. A letter from Guelders ſays, that ſince the melting of the ſnow the marſhes are all overflowed with water, in ſo much that it has entered the city, and waſhed down ſeveral houſes, and it is feared the whole city will be overflowed.

The King of France is now on the point of eſtabliſhing an academy of experimental agriculture, which will bid fair for proving of the higheſt utility to that kingdom. A farm of 15 00 acres is marked out for them in a royal domain, within ten leagues of Paris, where they are to make the experiments neceſſary to eſtabliſh the art upon uncontroverted principles. There are alſo to be a Court of Juſtice, and appeal from all parts of the kingdom, in the incloſure of commons and other lands, in ſuch a manner, as to facilitate greatly that circumſtance in rural economy, which is ſo much wanting in France. No leſs than 300,000 livres a year is aſſigned to this academy, to ſupport its expences.

March 23. A Gentleman who is juſt arrived from Paris ſays, that Dr. Franklin is preparing to return home to America, after an abſence of eight years, and that Mr. Lawrence, jun. is to remain in Paris in the quality of Charge des Affaires from the United States, until another Gentleman comes over from the Congreſs.

A letter from St. Mary's in Scilly, ſays, that on the 12th inſtant a French ſhip was drove on the rock, and entirely loſt. The crew remained on the rock ſeveral hours, and were then taken off by a veſſel belonging to St. Mary's, and brought in there almoſt periſhed by the ſeverity of the weather.

A report prevails, that a fleet of ſix ſail of the line is ordered to be got ready with all expedition; it is ſaid their deſtination is to the Eaſt-Indies. Some diſagreeable accounts from thence makes this meaſure neceſſary, the Dutch having abſolutely refuſed to ſign the Definitive Treaty, and are alſo equipping a fleet. France is ſuppoſed to be urging them on.

Extract of a letter from Havre, March 3.

"For three or four weeks we have had continued high winds: three large ſhips are now on ſhore near this harbour; the number of ſhips loſt on the ſea coaſt of Normandy this winter exceeds 60 ſail, ſome of them three maſted veſſels."

Extract of a letter from Scilly, March 15.

"Since my laſt the D'Eſtaing, Captain Lamatiee, from St. Domingo to Dunkirk, put in here in great diſtreſs, having been 11 weeks on her paſſage, and meeting with a great many hard gales of wind, which carried away her main and mizen maſts, and bowſprit, and ſo leaky as to have four feet water in her hold: She buried 14 of the crew, who died through fatigue of pumping, and thoſe on board are very weak and ſickly.

"The boats that are round the wreck of the Nancy Eaſt-India packet have not been able to ſave any thing as yet, the wind blowing very hard."

March 25. A letter from Gibraltar ſays, that they have advice that the Emperor of Morocco has a very large army well diſciplined under foreign officers, ready to take the field, with a conſiderable train of artillery.

A letter from Marſeilles ſays, that a French ſhip bound from thence to Cadiz, very richly laden, is taken by the Algerines, carried into Algiers, and the crew ſent up the country into ſlavery: On board were two Spaniſh officers returning home.

A letter from Corunna, by a ſhip arrived in the river, ſays, they have had ſuch ſtormy weather that greater damage has been done at ſea than for many years before, in which many ſhips were loſt. On ſhore a whole range of buildings were thrown down, and great quantities of goods buried in the ruins. Many houſes were unroofed, and ſeveral perſons killed.

By letters brought over by yeſterday's Dutch mail, we receive freſh confirmation of the diſtreſs occaſioned by the inundations in conſequence of the thaw; and whilſt the north of Europe is a prey to the effects of a long and ſevere winter, unheard of ſtorms diſtreſs the inhabitants of the ſouthern climes, eſpecially along the coaſt of Sicily; the mole of Catania has been overſet, and the city overflowed by the ſea; ſeveral houſes were demoliſhed, and many inhabitants loſt their lives. Syracuſe has experienced the ſame fate; the waters riſing ſo high at the latter place, that great quantities of fiſh were left on the tops of houſes, and at Maſcari a ſhip was actually left in the ſame ſituation. In Calabria the inhabitants have not only been ſeverely diſtreſſed by the inundations, but, in addition to their calamities, ſeveral ſhocks of earthquakes have been felt, and in particular, a very dreadful one on the 23d of January laſt.

March 26. The price of Boroughs at this time is 4000l. a ſeat. When Parliament was permitted to live out its natural age, the price was only 3000l. On the principle therefore of intereſt, the Borough-mongers ſhould vote for a triennial bill. A noble Earl has paid 8000l. for two ſeats to two more of his ſons.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, March 2.

"The migrations from out of Holſtein have lately been ſo great, on account of the encouragement which the American ſtates give to foreigners ſettling among them, that the King has found it neceſſary to publiſh an ordonnance, forbidding, under heavy penalties, any perſon leaving the Daniſh dominions without licence, and even ſuch as go to St. Croix or St. Thomas, are by this new ſtatute to give bond for their return, or ſecurity for their ſettling in thoſe provinces. Jews are hereby alſo reſtricted from removing their property, and ſhips of any nation whatſoever having ſuch perſons on board, without the proper paſſports, are liable to ſeizure, as having contraband goods on board.

"Mr. Daha, the American Conſul, in this city, has juſt finiſhed the treaties of Commerce between the King and the United States, by an article of which the two powers are reſtricted from importing ſuch articles as are the produce of each other."

A letter from Fluſhing ſays, that they have had ſuch ſtormy weather along that coaſt that they are afraid to ſend their veſſels to ſea, four having come in there diſmaſted, and with ſeveral feet of water in their hold: Two veſſels belonging to that port foundered, and the crew were all drowned; that the country is partly under water, and much damage is done.

A correſpondent aſſures us, that every account which has been given of the burglary in the Lord Chancellor's houſe is erroneous, and that the following ſtatement is minutely exact. The Great Seal of England was depoſited within a drawer, in a lone and unprotected back room upon the ground floor, expoſed to the open fields. No perſon ſlept upon the floor, or near ſo great and valuable a treaſure, although his Lordſhip's private property was cautiouſly lodged with the butler below ſtairs. The villains entered the window without difficulty or interruption, and conveyed away the Great Seal, thirty-five guineas official fees belonging to it, and the hilts of two ſwords, the property of his Lordſhip's officers. Fortunately the mace, which lay in a corner of the room, was concealed by a green cloth, and eſcaped notice.

There are in Newgate 135 priſoners under ſentence of tranſportation, 112 of whom are for America, 19 for Africa, and 4 for India.

March 27. A letter from Glaſgow ſays, that the winds have been ſo violent that great damage has been done amongſt the ſhipping on that coaſt, moſt of them trading veſſels belonging to ſeveral ports of Ireland. Some of the crews were waſhed overboard and drowned, but the number is not yet known. The poor are in the greateſt diſtreſs by the ſeverity of the weather.

They write from Glaſgow, that the brigantine Jane, laden with pitch and tar, from North-Carolina, by a violent gale of wind, was drove on the Cockle Bank, overſet, and all the crew periſhed.

Accounts are received from ſeveral parts of Germany, which mention, that ſeveral villages along the Rhine have been overflowed with water, and deſtroyed, and many lives loſt, and that the floods continued to come down from the upland parts of the country, by which it was apprehended a great deal more damage would be done.

Extract of a Letter from Zetland, March 11.

"Never was this poor country in the circumſtance that it is in juſt now. The laſt crop was bad both for corn and fodder, and both are out. We have had the worſt winter, and longeſt froſt and ſnow ever known. Many of the ſheep and cattle are dead, and if this weather continues few will remain; ſo that, in ſhort, there is neither food for man or beaſt. We have had no kind of fiſhing in any part of the country ſince Martinmas."

Extract of a Letter from Naples Feb. 19.

"His Majeſty the King of Sweden having expreſſed a deſire to ſee the experiment of the Air-balloon, there was yeſterday a grand exhibition by order of the Court of Naples, and in the preſence of their Majeſties. Perhaps it was the nobleſt ſight the human eye was ever yet regaled with. Imagine an immenſe globe of 150 feet diameter, and 200 in height, gilt, and bearing on the top an enormous crown, ſparkling with well-imitated precious ſtones of various colours; imagine, that to this globe was annexed a building of the moſt beautiful architecture of the Doric Order, formed of pumice-ſtone, and ſurrounded by a terraſs or gallery, railed in with orange trees and lemons. Imagine, I ſay, this wonderful machine, riſing majeſtically to the heavens in a clear ſky at noon, in ſight of an applauding multitude, carrying with it an orcheſtra of eight capital performers, whoſe muſic, for the ſhort time it could be heard, had a moſt ſublime effect. In about twenty-ſeven minutes it had diſappeared by a perpendicular aſcent; nor could the people diſcover any appearance of it by the beſt teleſcopes. It was exactly twelve o'clock when the machine began to riſe, and at two it had not been again viſible. An anxiety ſeemed to prevail among all the ſpectators, ſome offering up prayers for the ſafety of the travellers, whilſt others were of opinion that God had taken them into heaven. But their acclamations were exceſſive, when, at thirteen minutes after three, they obſerved a ſmall ſpeck in the air at an immenſe diſtance, but which ſoon ſhewed itſelf to be the wiſhed-for machine, which gradually deſcended till it reached the earth, at about a mile diſtance from the place of its aſcent; which was from a plain eaſtward of the town. Every thing ſucceeded well, and the aërial navigators trod the earth in ſafety again after their ſurpriſing flight! Beſides the above-mentioned orcheſtra, and two perſons (who had contrived the machine) who were there to regulate it, there went up ſeven perſons of rank, conſiſting of three Neapolitan noblemen; a French, three Spaniſh, and an Engliſh gentleman. On their return they were taken to Court in the royal carriages, amidſt the inconceivable acclamations of a delighted people. Their accounts of what they experienced and obſerved in their flight will be ſpeedily publiſhed; at preſent they affirm that they mounted to the height of twelve Italian miles. It is reported now that each adventurer will receive ſome diſtinguiſhed honour or reward from the two Sovereigns, who were witneſſes to the whole; and Signor Antonio Lippetti, the perſon who had the conduct of the affair, has been rewarded with 2000l. and a patent of nobility.

"P. S. The globe was formed of the ſkins of kids, and covered with ſilk inſide and out; with an elaſtic gum over it, which took the gilding extremely well; it required ſeveral hours filling with inflammable air, but when full, it was ſo cloſely ſtopped that nothing could evaporate."

A letter from Liſbon ſays, that they have had a great deal of ſtormy weather, accompanied with ſome ſlight ſhocks of an earthquake, but no great damage was done; and that they have had advice from Bilboa of the earthquake being more ſeverely felt there, as it threw down many chimnies, and has much damaged the houſes, but there is no account of any lives being loſt.

Extract of a letter from Manheim, March 2.

"For theſe ſix days paſt we have been, as it were, blocked up by the waters, all outward communication has been ſhut up during more than 24 hours, and no mail has reached us for near ten days. The damages occaſioned by the overflowing of the Rhine and Necker are diſtreſſing beyond conception. This city itſelf would have been deſtroyed, had it not been for its fortifications, which fortunately withſtood the impetuoſity of the inundation. The waters on that ſide which is next the Necker have riſen up as high as the roofs of the houſes, and with ſuch alarming velocity, that the inhabitants had hardly time to ſave their lives.

"The city of Heidelberg has alſo greatly ſuffered; not only its magnificent bridge on the Necker has been carried off, but alſo above 50 houſes entirely demoliſhed. The village of Neckerhauſen, one of the moſt beautiful ſpots in that country, is totally deſtroyed, there not being more than ſix houſes left ſtanding. The inhabitants have been carried off in ſtupendous mountains of ice. Several of them have periſhed, others have been carried ſome leagues up the river; of the latter we ſaw an inſtance here, a woman, after having remained ſix and thirty hours in the above uncomfortable ſituation, arrived here ſafe, after having ſeen her father, mother, brothers and ſiſters periſh by her ſide. It is impoſſible to give a proper eſtimate of the loſſes ſuſtained, but they certainly muſt prove exceſſive great indeed.

"Now, as if one ſcourge was not ſufficient for the ruin of the inhabitants, we are threatened with further calamities. The cold is ſet in again with redoubled ſeverity, ſo that fuel is now more ſcarce than ever. The proviſions which we had procured are exhauſted, and the roads being now impracticable, we can draw no aſſiſtance whatever from the mountains. In the midſt of our afflictions we have this temporary comfort, that the Elector has ordered a bounty of 15,000 florins to be laid out in procuring the moſt needful articles, and eſpecially to prevent the price of wood being raiſed beyond its current value."

By a letter from Aberdeen we learn, that the extremes of poverty and want again ſtare them in the face. The ſtorm, with little remiſſion, has laſted 14 weeks, and a late harveſt, like the laſt, is expected to end in ruin to thouſands of families and individuals.

Extract of a letter from Hamburgh, March 2.

"The King of Pruſſia has at length completed the object of his wiſhes, in the revival of the Greenland fiſhery trade. Six ſhips of that nation will ſail this ſeaſon, four of them from Embden."

A great number of Agents have been for ſeveral months paſt, and ſtill are, buſily employed in London, Birmingham, Sheffield, Manchester, and moſt of the other great manufacturing towns, in ſeducing artificers to emigrate to America. It is a duty incumbent on every friend to his country to give information againſt offenders of the above deſcription, each of whom is liable to a penalty of 500l. and twelve months impriſonment.

April 1. The laſt letters from Conſtantinople mention, that a ſhock of an earthquake had been felt in that city, which greatly alarmed the inhabitants, but did no material damage.

A letter from Liſbon ſays, that ſince the order iſſued for ſtopping the American ſhip which had a large quantity of Portugal money on board going out of the kingdom, none of the American ſhips with corn and flour have arrived there, therefore the Queen has iſſued out a freſh order, that if any American ſhips arrive with corn and flour they ſhall be paid in caſh, and that no Officer do preſume to ſtop them to examine what money they have on board.

They write from Gibraltar, that the Emperor of Morocco has demanded of the Governor of that fortreſs 20 pieces of braſs cannon, beſides a quantity of ammunition, for his ordering that garriſon to be ſupplied with neceſſary proviſions which they ſtood in need of.

A letter from Gibraltar, by the Liſbon mail, ſays, that two veſſels belonging to the Emperor of Morocco, loaded with proviſions, bound to that port, were taken by a Dutch man of war, after an obſtinate engagement, and carried into Cadiz; they gave chace to another, but by the help of her oars ſhe got within reach of the guns of Gibraltar, and went ſafe in.

Extract of a Letter from Amſterdam, March 23.

"The Emperor hath lately applied to the Court of France, requiring to know whether they ſhould at all interpoſe in the buſineſs which he hath to ſettle with the Dutch, reſpecting the opening of the Schelde for a free navigation and trade to his dominions in the Netherlands. The French have given for anſwer, "That they have no concern in this affair; and do not interfere in the particular rights of nations."

The laſt accounts from Ireland ſay, that notwithſtanding appearances, the diſcontents between the Volunteers and the Iriſh Houſe of Commons are daily increaſing; and there is a jealouſy entertained by both parties reſpecting the great object of Parliamentary reform.

Letters are received by Government from Dublin, which ſay, that the bill for reforming the repreſentation in Parliament, which paſſed the firſt reading unanimouſly, had been rejected on the ſecond by a great majority.

A Correſpondent obſerves, that as the late cold ſeaſon could not prevent a putrid fever, attended with delirium, from proving fatal to the Houſe of Commons; and as this diſorder has

now, by a kind of unhappy contagion, ſpread itſelf all over this devoted iſland; we have no other hope than that it may exhauſt its ſtrength by diſperſion. For ſhould it not be extinguiſhed before the return of warm weather, as the New Houſe muſt ſit great part of the Summer, the Dog-days may convert it to a hydrophobia, when it will call for all the wiſdom of the College of Phyſicians to point out the moſt prudent expedients to preſerve his Majeſty's ſubjects from the danger of being bitten by any of the unfortunate ſufferers!

April 6. A letter from on board the Antelope packet-boat, arrived with the mail from the Leeward iſlands at Falmouth, ſays, that they met with very bad weather, and expected to have been loſt; that they ſaw a great number of pieces of wrecks of ſhips in different parts floating upon the ſurface of the water, and when they arrived off Scilly, the ſea was covered with wrecks, &c.

Extract of a letter from Bruſſels, March 30.

"The affair reſpecting the Dutch having made an irruption into the Emperor's dominions muſt be ſpeedily ſettled, or a diſagreement with the Republic will take place. The Count Orenailer, Ambaſſador at the Hague, has orders to bring this matter forward immediately."

They write from Londonderry, that a large ſhip, ſuppoſed to be a Dutchman, had foundered off that harbour, and all the crew periſhed.

A letter from Banbury, dated April 3, ſays "This day came on the election of a member for this borough, when Lord North was re-elected without oppoſition."

Mr. Pitt has gained his election for the Univerſity of Cambridge.

At the cloſe of the poll this day for Weſtminſter the numbers were:

For Lord Hood,		3936
Sir Cecil Wray,		3622
Mr. Fox,		3413

Edinburgh, March 24. The Siſters, of Greenock, Thomas Kerr, late Maſter, from New-York, is arrived in Clyde, after a paſſage of nine weeks. On the 26th of February ſhe met with a violent gale of wind, and ſhipped a ſea, which ſwept away boats and every thing upon deck, together with the Maſter and three of the crew; one of the latter, however, after having gone over, caught hold of a rope, and was providentially ſaved.

PHILADELPHIA, *May* 26.

By accounts from Baltimore we learn, that within the laſt two weeks eight veſſels have arrived at that port from different parts of Ireland, with ſervants and paſſengers.

About the middle of laſt week ſeveral of the villains who have lately infeſted this city were taken and ſecured.

The Reſolution, Quarterneſs, and Cadiz Packet, Miller, are arrived at Portſmouth in England from Charleſtown.

The Adventure, Millenby, is arrived at Deal from Annapolis.

The ſloop Enterpriſe, Capt. William Cuningham, from the bay of Fundy for this port, was, on the 13th inſtant, caſt away at Cape May.—The people are ſaved, but the veſſel and cargoe are totally loſt.

The ſhip induſtry, Captain Savage, from Philadelphia for Dublin, was loſt on the coaſt of Drogheda, the 25th of March, in the night, and moſt of the crew periſhed.

Thurſday laſt the barn of Mr. Joſhua Cooper, which ſtood near the Delaware, on the Jerſey ſhore oppoſite to this city, was entirely conſumed by lightning, together with a horſe, two calves, and a ſmall quantity of hay, which were in it.—A hog paſſing the road at a little diſtance from the barn, was killed by the ſame flaſh.

Extract of a letter from a citizen at Wyoming to his friend in this city, dated May 20.

"The dangerous diſpoſition of the Connecticut faction in this country has lately been very alarming. On the 11th inſtant a number of them, armed for the purpoſe, diſpoſſeſſed ſome of the Pennſylvania ſettlers, who were peaceably cultivating their farms at Abraham's Plains, offering great violence to their perſons, and repeatedly venting threats againſt the officers of government acting in this country. This and many other inſtances of outrage, which have marked the general conduct of this factious people, filled the minds of our good citizens with juſt apprehenſions of being forcibly driven from this country, as ſoon as our only ſupport (Col. Moore's corps) ſhould be removed, the time for the removal of which being fixed and at hand, brought their former meaſures and repeated cruelties with freſh horror to our minds. In this alarming ſituation of affairs, it was conceived neceſſary to adopt ſome meaſures to avoid dangers ſo juſtly to be apprehended.

"Although we ardently wiſhed to cultivate cordiality and friendſhip, we found, upon mature deliberation, ſuch bleſſings could find no exiſtence, whilſt we permitted thoſe peſts to ſociety to remain amongſt us. We therefore conceived, however painful the alternative, that the removal of the moſt dangerous part of this faction would be the only reſource which could lead to the eſtabliſhment of that peace and good order we ſo anxiouſly wiſh for.

"This opinion being unanimouſly adopted by us (who pride ourſelves upon ever being faithful ſubjects of this ſtate, as part of the union) we proceeded to take ſuch meaſures as we thought abſolutely neceſſary to our ſafety.

"Some days were given to the Connecticut ſettlers to move off, with their families and property, or to produce ſuch proofs of their peaceable intentions towards this ſtate, and its citizens, as would quiet our appprehenſions, and accordingly qualify them to remain peaceably in their habitations.

"Thoſe whoſe deſigns were good readily complied with one or other of theſe reaſonable propoſals----many moved up the river----whilſt others, from explicit declarations of their good intentions, received every indulgence.

"However, many old offenders, notorious for the part they had ever taken in the many unjuſtifiable acts of violence committed upon the perſons and property of the Pennſylvania ſettlers in this country, and who, from their obſtinately perſiſting to ſtay, we ſtrongly ſuſpected of promoting farther diſturbances----theſe circumſtances marking them out as perſons too dangerous to remain, we found ourſelves drove to the neceſſity of expelling them out of this place.

"This diſagreeable buſineſs is now effected---a meaſure deemed neceſſary by the unanimous voice of the citizens, and carried into execution by them with great ſpirit and deciſion, at the ſame time the higheſt degree of lenity marked their proceedings, treating the widows and infirm with tenderneſs and attention.

"I flatter myſelf that this revolution, ſo long and ſo devoutly wiſhed for, will entitle thoſe who brought it about to much merit and applauſe. It met with my approbation ſo heartily, as to make me take a part in it.

"Official characters may be deemed reprehenſible for this late revolution. I aſſure you that they are in no inſtance culpable; they were never conſulted or concerned in the meaſure."

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

MONDAY, MARCH 1, 1784. A. M.

The report of the committee, read February 20 laſt, relative to the diſtribution of the Laws and Minutes of the General Aſſembly ſince the revolution, was read the ſecond time; whereupon

Reſolved, That the Clerk of this Houſe, as ſoon as the books aforeſaid are delivered to him, ſhall retain in his hands forty-four volumes of the Laws, and thirty-nine volumes of the Minutes, for the purpoſe of ſupplying ſuch members of this Houſe as have not been heretofore ſerved with copies; and that twenty-five volumes of the Laws, and four volumes of the Minutes, be delivered by the Clerk of this Houſe to the reſpective orders of the Courts of Quarter Seſſions in each county of this ſtate, to be by them diſtributed among ſuch civil officers of government (the officers to be accountable for them) as the ſaid Courts ſhall from time to time direct.

Extract from the Minutes,
PETER Z. LLOYD, Clerk of the General Aſſembly.

Land-Office, May 22, 1784.

WHEREAS by a law of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania, paſſed the 9th April, 1781, entituled "An Act for eſtabliſhing a Land-Office, &c." it was enacted, That in caſes where any office right had iſſued before the 10th December, 1776, the owner or owners ſhould make payment for the lands at the times and in manner ſaid act directs: And in the 4th ſection of another law, paſſed April 5, 1782, entituled "An Act to veſt certain powers in the Preſident of this State, together with the other officers therein named, and for other purpoſes therein mentioned," ſetting forth that the times of payment appointed in the ſaid firſt mentioned act were found much too ſhort for the purpoſes aforeſaid, it was enacted that the ſaid reſpective times ſhould be enlarged for the ſpace of two years: And whereas the ſaid term of two years to which the payment was extended as aforeſaid is now expired, we do therefore require all perſons in arrears to make their payments agreeable to the laws aforeſaid. And whereas, by one other act of Aſſembly, paſſed the 1ſt of April laſt, entituled "An Act for opening the Land-Office, for granting and diſpoſing of the unappropriated lands within this State," it is enacted, that the Land-Office ſhould be opened for the lands already purchaſed from the Indians on the firſt day of July next, at the rate of Ten Pounds per hundred acres: And by the 2d. ſection of the laſt mentioned act, it is required that every applicant for land ſhall produce to the Secretary of the Land-Office a particular deſcription of the land applied for, with a certificate from two Juſtices of the Peace of the proper county, ſpecifying whether the ſaid lands be improved or not, and if improved, how long ſince the improvement was made, that intereſt might be charged accordingly. And whereas, by the ſame laſt mentioned act, the Receiver General of the Land-Office is authoriſed and required to receive in payment for all lands ſold and granted in purſuance of that act, certificates of depreciation granted to the officers and ſoldiers of the late Pennſylvania line, certificates for money loaned to the United States by the citizens of this State, or granted in the name of or for the uſe of ſuch citizens, and all certificates for commutation and for arrearages of pay, and the certificates of the Commiſſaries, Quarter-Maſters and Forage-Maſters; alſo certificates for debts due to the citizens of this State from the United States, or from the State, when liquidated by the proper officer of the continent, or of this State reſpectively, with all the intereſt due on the ſame at the day of payment: All ſuch certificates which remain unliquidated to be reduced to ſpecie value, agreeably to the continental ſcale of depreciation, by the Commiſſioner of Loans, or ſome continental officer, or an officer to be for that purpoſe appointed, before offered in payment at the Receiver-General's-Office.

We do hereby give NOTICE, that the Land-Office will be opened at ten o'clock, on the firſt day of July next, for the granting land agreeable to the ſaid laſt recited law: Therefore, all perſons intending to apply, are deſired to have the certificates from the Juſtices as above mentioned duly prepared: And all perſons deſigning to pay any kind of the above enumerated certificates, are deſired to have ſuch of them as require liquidation reduced to ſpecie value, and legally authenticated by the proper officers, conformably to the ſame law.

JOHN LUKENS, Surveyor-General,
DAVID KENNEDY, Secr'y Land-Office,
FRANCIS JOHNSTON, Receiver-General

Southwark Auction.

TO-MORROW MORNING,

The 27th of May, at Nine o'Clock, will commence the SALE of a very large and neat Aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE:

In the various branches of Woolen and Linen Drapery, Hoſiery, Millinery, Ironmongery and Ship Chandlery.

Among which are, a large quantity of farming utenſils in caſes, and large ſaw-mill ſaws.

And on SATURDAY morning next will be ſold a general aſſortment of Houſhold Furniture.

The Collection of DRY GOODS being too large for one day's ſale, the ſame will be continued on SATURDAY Afternoon at half paſt two o'Clock May 26.

PETER W. GALLAUDET,

Has removed his STORE from Front to Second-ſtreet, the ſecond door below Cheſnut-ſtreet.

He has received by the Brigantine Amy, from London, and other late veſſels, a variety of GOODS, which are now opened for Sale, by the piece or dozen.

[*Particulars in our next.*]

For the Benefit of the Owners and Underwriters on the

Schooner COXE and CARGOE,

Will be SOLD, at the COFFEE-HOUSE,

To-Morrow, at XII o'Clock,

COTTON in Bags, and ſundry SAILS,

Phila. May 25, 1784. †

William & John Sitgreaves,

Have removed from their late ſituation in Market-ſtreet, to the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, one door below Cheſnut-ſtreet, where they have for ſale, a very extenſive aſſortment of

DRY GOODS,

Suitable to the ſeaſon, which they will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms. 6 w.

Philadelphia, May 25, 1784.

To be SOLD, out of the State,

A NEGROE BOY, about 19 years of age, he is very handy, and would ſuit to wait on a Gentleman. For further particulars enquire of the PRINTERS. †

TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward.

STRAYED, on the 16th inſtant, out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Warwick townſhip, Bucks county, a bay MARE, 4 years old, 14 hands and an half high, a natural pacer, a few white hairs on her forehead, a black mane, and a large ſwitch tail, was never ſhod. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, ſo that the owner may get her again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

May 22. § JOSHUA DUNGAN.

His Excellency the Miniſter of France having been pleaſed to employ us to make ſales of his

HOUSHOLD GOODS, &c.

We therefore make it known, that the SALE will commence on MONDAY, the ſeventh day of June next, at nine o'clock in the morning, at his Hotel.------Among the many valuable articles, are the following,

MAHOGANY tables and chairs of various kinds; an elegant aſſortment of china and glaſs; a number of elegant looking-glaſſes and chandeliers; bedſteads with elegant furniture; window-curtains; ſophas; a variety of handſome paintings; ſeveral elegant clocks; kitchen furniture of every kind; a quantity of ſadlery; a cellar ſtored with liquors of every kind; and a great number of articles, too numerous to inſert in an advertiſement.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, and Co. Auctioneers.

N. B. The Goods may be viewed in the large room adjoining the Hotel, from Thurſday, the 3d of June, till the day of ſale, Sunday excepted.

Philadelphia, May 17, 1784.

WE, the ſubſcribers, hereby certify, that we have been blind for ſeveral years with the cataract, and are now reſtored to ſight by Frederick W. Jericho, phyſician and oculiſt, who in the beginning of June will take his journey to Maryland, Virginia, North and South Carolina; where he intends to ſtay next winter, and in the ſpring go to Boſton, New York, and then return to this city. Stacy Kirbride, Plymouth townſhip, Philadelphia county; N. Gunther, Yellow Springs, Cheſter county; John Wetherill, farmer, near Bordentown, Weſt Jerſey; Adam Clauts, Northampton county; Rebecca Sendham, Philadelphia county. †

TO BE SOLD,

THAT valuable PLANTATION, ſituate upon Oldman's creek, about three miles from the river Delaware, in Salem county, Weſt New-Jerſey; the property of the deceaſed Mr. George Somervell, conſiſting of 155 acres, 50 of which are good meadow. This plantation is excellently ſituated for attending the Philadelphia market, Mr. Somervell's houſe being only 24 miles diſtant from it, and to which it has the advantage of water carriage by the creek, ſhallops and other craft paſſing the door almoſt daily for that city. There is a very good dwelling-houſe, with barn, ſtable, &c. alſo a good orchard, and a never-failing ſpring of excellent water near the door.

ALSO,

Fifty acres of Woodland, near to Beaver creek, about a mile from the main plantation.

ALSO,

Nine acres of valuable Meadow, ſituated near the mouth of Oldman's creek, adjoining to Aquila Jones's plantation.

AND ALSO,

Seven and a half acres of Land, near Oldman's creek bridge: This is a good ſituation for public buſineſs, and was purchaſed for building on.

Any perſon or perſons inclining to purchaſe the above, or any part thereof, will be informed of particulars, by applying to Mr. JOHN LOCKHART, Merchant, in Second-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite Chriſt-Church, Philadelphia. May 25. § 4 w

SUPPOSED to be ſtolen from the plantation whereon the ſubſcriber now dwells, in New-Garden townſhip, Cheſter county, on the night of the 20th of the 11th Month laſt, a dark bay HORSE, apprehended to be about 14 hands high, 4 years old next ſpring, long bodied, a long mane and tail when taken, his mane apt to hang to both ſides, both paces and trots, and often changes his gates when rode, much given to ſtumble when tired, occaſioned by a hurt he had in one of his fore legs, which has left a lump inſide, and has a ſmall wart on the point of one ear. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe and thief ſhall have THREE POUNDS Reward, and reaſonable charges, or THIRTY SHILLINGS for the horſe alone, paid by

21ſt of 5th Month, 1784. § JACOB LINDLEY.

Philadelphia, May 22, 1784.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY the 16th inſtant, from the Subſcriber, an indented Servant Man, Named JOHN NEILL, born in the North of Ireland, and arrived in the Brigantine Convention, Captain Workman, from Dublin; about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high; had on when he went away, a light blue Cloth Coat, and Waiſtcoat, a ſtriped pair of trowſers and blue yarn ſtockings, fair complexion, a little pitted with the ſmall pox, ſhort brown hair; ſuppoſed to have gone towards Cumberland county: He may paſs as a Pedlar, as he carried with him ſome knives, ſhoe-buckles and ſleeve buttons; he had a large lump on his right wriſt. Whoever ſecures ſaid run away, ſo that the ſubſcriber gets him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ROBERT GREAVES, at MOSES BRYAN'S, in Walnut-ſtreet. †

SIX POUNDS Reward.

RUN away on Saturday night, the 15th inſtant (May) from the ſubſcriber, living in the town of New-Caſtle, a Negroe man, named NAT. He is very black, remarkably ſhort in ſtature, 25 years of age, but looks older, broad ſhouldered, ſtrong made, has loſt two of his under fore teeth, ſpeaks faſt and liſps. He had on a ſmall old hat, cut round, a white country cloth jacket, new tow linen ſhirt and trowſers, and good ſhoes. He was ſeen on Sunday, the 16th, on the road to Philadelphia, where it is ſuppoſed he is lurking. Any perſon ſecuring ſaid Negroe, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, paid by

May 20, 1784. § JOHN WETHERED.

Cæcil county, Maryland, May 15, 1784.

STOLEN out of the paſture of William Little, of the ſaid county, on the night of Friday, the 7th inſtant, a HORSE and MARE, viz. The Horſe a black, 4 years old this ſpring, lately dock'd, one of his hind feet grey to the footlock, neither brand nor ear-mark. The Mare, a dark bay, 9 years old this ſpring, ſhod before and her feet turns in very much, neither brand nor ear-mark, they are both natural pacers. There is great reaſon to believe that a certain Grizzle Mearns (alias) Little, who has been harboured in this county above a year paſt, was acceſſary to the theft, as ſhe with a certain Patrick Hara attempted the ſame a few weeks ago. The ſaid Grizzle is a middle ſized woman, or rather taller than common, about 40 years of age, large eyes and a remarkable talker, ſhe is well known in many parts of Pennſylvania and Virginia, particularly Lancaſter and Cheſter counties. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid thief and horſes, ſo that the thief may be brought to juſtice and the owner get his horſes, ſhall receive TEN POUNDS, or for the horſes only SIX POUNDS, and reaſonable charges, paid by

† JOHN LITTLE.

CAME to the Plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Solebury townſhip, Bucks county, ſome time this ſpring, a young brown ſtone COLT, about 4 years old, bald face and four white feet. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges and take him away. † JOHN ELY.

WAS taken up treſpaſſing, in a Lot near the Globe Mill, a ſmall bay MARE, and black Horſe COLT, with a ſmall ſtar. Whoever has loſt the ſame, may have them again by applying at Hare and Twells's Brew-houſe, adjoining the New Market, in the Northern Liberties. If not taken away, they will be ſold according to law, to pay damages and charges. †

Just published and now selling at BELL's BOOK-STORE, Near St. Paul's Church, in Third-street---
Price ONE THIRD OF A DOLLAR, *with considerable allowance to those who buy Quantities to give away.*

AN APPEAL

To the SERIOUS and CANDID PROFESSORS of

CHRISTIANITY.

On the following Subjects.

I. The use of Reason in Matters of Religion.
II. The Power of Man to do the Will of God.
III. Original Sin.
IV. Election and Reprobation.
V. The Divinity of Christ, and
VI. Atonement for Sin by the Death of Christ.

BY JOSEPH PRIESTLY, L. L. D. F. R. S.
And a Lover of the Gospel.

To which are added, A concise History of the Rise of those Doctrines; and the

TRIUMPH OF TRUTH;

Being an Account of the

TRIAL OF MR. E. ELWALL,

For Heresy and Blasphemy, at Stafford Assizes.

To us there is one God, the FATHER, *and one Mediator, the* MAN CHRIST JESUS--------1 Cor, viii. 6.--------1. Tim. ii. 5.

N. B. For more particulars in the American Book-World, please to enquire for Bell's Sale Catalogue of New and Old Books, with the lowest price printed to each Book, consisting of several thousand Volumes, in Arts, Sciences and Entertainment, for persons of all Denominations. Price A Quarter of a Dollar.

Richard Footman,

In THIRD-STREET, next door but one to the BUNCH of GRAPES INN, has imported in the Olive-Branch and Mildred, arrived from London.

A large assortment of *MERCHANDIZE,*

suitable to the season. Among which are,

SILK rosetta handkerchiefs; needle-work, printed and check ditto; plain, striped and check lawns; needle-work and sousie aprons; nankeens; printed callicoes, cottons and chintzes; India chintzes and persians; chip hats; plain and ribbed callimancoes; mantuas, persians, sarsnets and modes; copperplate furniture; plain and masqueraded bengals; linen and cotton checks and stripes; thread and cotton hose; brown quadruple filesias; coloured crapes; corduroys and velverets; Marseilles quilting and Dutch cord; cotton counterpanes; Flanders ticking and bed bunts; Irish linen, and oznaburgs; moreens, durants and dorsettees; 5-4 and 6-4 humhums and cossaes; Scotch and coloured threads; broad Russia diapers; best scarf twist; Holland tapes and bobbins; pound and packet pins; brown and black buckrams; silk gloves and mitts; gartering and quality binding; camsiers; princes stuffs; everlastings; russels; plain, spotted, striped and sousie gauzes, &c. &c.

Also, Best LONDON PORTER in Bottles. §

IMPORTED in the brig CONVENTION, from DUBLIN,
AND TO BE SOLD, BY

Conyngham, Nesbitt and *Co.*

A GENERAL assortment of 3-4ths, 7 8ths and yard wide Irish Linens, Osnabrigs, Loughreas, Sheetings, printed Linens, Threads, Kentings, Thread and Cotton Hose, a small Package of Looking-Glasses, Porter in Hogsheads and Bottles, Old Hock in Hogsheads and Bottles, and about Thirty Tons of Limestone, with a great Variety of other articles. †

To be SOLD cheap for CASH,

As the Owner sails for England on Saturday next,

A HBARTY, stout, young NEGROE WENCH, has been used to both Town and Country Work, with a Female CHILD, of five Months old. Enquire of the Printers.

Philadelphia, May 18. ‡

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Captain JOHN VICARY, late of this city, deceased, are desired to make payment to the subscribers; and those who have any demands against the said estate, are desired to bring them, properly proved, to

RICHARD RUNDLE, or)
c 4 w SAMUEL COATS,) Executors.

Fresh Drugs and Medicines,

A general Assortment, just imported in the Olive Branch, Captain Willet, from London, and now on Sale by

DAVID JACKSON,

In Second-street, midway between Market and Chesnut-streets,

ALSO, very elegant Surgeons pocket instruments, scalpels, best crown and spring lancets, neat lancet cases, catheters, trocars, bolus knives, Apothecaries scales and weights, a general assortment of shop furniture, smelling bottles, marble mortars, phials, pill-boxes, camel hair pencils, a few setts of crayons, fine carmine, drop lake, flake white, &c.

Likewise the following PATENT MEDICINES, viz.

Godfrey's cordial, Anderson's, Hooper's and Lockyer's pills, Turlington's balsam, British oil, essence of peppermint and Hill's American balsam.

N. B. With the above assortment is arrived a quantity of that most excellent drug, the RED BARK, which is now in the highest reputation, as a perfect cure for intermittent and other fevers. † *May* 19. 1784.

Joseph, Jonathan and John Mifflin

HAVE just imported, in the Olive Branch, Capt. Willet, from London, A general Assortment of MERCHANDIZE, which they are now opening for Sale, at their Store in Second-street, a few doors below Walnut-street.

Now opening for SALE, by

DANIEL TYSON,

In Water-street, Mid-way between Market and Arch-streets,----
A general Assortment of

European and East-India GOODS,

Imported in the last Vessels from Europe. 4 w

JOHN CLARK, Dyer in general,

In Second-street, the sixth door above Chestnut-street, Philadelphia, informs the Public,

THAT he wishes to purchase a quantity of RAW SILK, either in the cocoons or reeled; and as a constant demand may be fully expected, he would wish to be informed by those, who intend to raise any this year in any of the states, what quantity they expect to have, for which he will give a good price. All letters on this subject (post paid) will be punctually answered.

N. B. A stout active boy, about 13 or 14 years of age, wanted as an apprentice to the Dying Business. § 8 w.

Just published, and now selling at BELL's BOOK-STORE in Third-street---Price HALF A DOLLAR,

ILLUMINATIONS

FOR

Legislators and for Sentimentalists;

CONTAINING,

I. Sentiments on what is FREEDOM, and what is SLAVERY, BY A FARMER.
II. Sentiments on LIBERTY, exhibited in Observations on the Revolution of America, BY ABBE RAYNAL.
III. Sentiments on GOVERNMENT, LAW, ARBITRARY POWER, LIBERTY, and SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS, BY JOHN JAMES ROUSSEAU, originally of Geneva.
IV. Sentiments on GOVERNMENT, and on the ENGLISH CONSTITUTION, BY J. L. DE LOLME, Advocate, and Citizen of Geneva.
V. BELL's Address to every Freeman; but especially to the Free-Citizens of Pennsylvania, concerning a Tyrannical Embargoe now laid upon the Free-Sale of Books by Auction.

The most burthensome of all Tyrannies, is that which is established by Law.--------LIBERTY.

And with all thy getting, get Understanding.--------The BIBLE.

N. B. A considerable variety of New Books, and Pamphlets, may now be had at said Bell's Book store in Third-street. §

ADVERTISEMENT.

WHEREAS Francis Allison, the son of Robert and Ann Allison, of Maryland, in North-America, and who served his apprenticeship to a coach-maker in Philadelphia, left that place about 12 years ago, and has not since been heard of. If the said Francis Allison be now living, he is requested to apply to Mr. *Ferguson M'Ilwaine*, merchant, in Philadelphia, or to Messrs. *Parnther* and *Druce*, Sollicitors, in London-street, London, and he will hear of something greatly to his advantage. If the said Francis Allison is dead, any person, who can make that fact appear, is requested to give notice thereof as above, for the sake of the family and friends of the said Francis Allison.

May 17, 1784.

Lower Merion, May 14, 1784.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the night of the 11th inst. DAVID LAWRENCE, an apprentice to the weaving trade, is a smart active lad, and hath upwards of two years to serve; had on and took with him, a coat and jacket of a light drab coloured homespun cloth, brown linen trowsers, a pair of half worn shoes and plated carved buckles, a felt hat, almost new, a good homespun shirt, and sundry other summer clothes, also, a young rough black dog, with some white on his face and belly. Said lad is about 19 years of age, a stout fellow, about 5 feet 9 inches and an half high, stoops in his walk, loves strong liquor, and has fair strait short hair. Whoever will secure said apprentice in any goal in this state, so as his master may get him again, shall have FOUR DOLLARS Reward, and TWO DOLLARS more for the dog, if brought home, paid by

§ ROBERT ELLIOT, near the Gulph.

CAME to the plantation of the Widow Kite, in Blockley township, on the first day of May, a Black HORSE, about four or five years old, shod before, a star in his forehead, trots natural, and canters well, the owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take him away.

† JAMES COOPER.

Ridley, May 15, 1784.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons who have just demands against the Estate of JOHN KNOWLES, late of Ridley, in Chester county, deceased, that they bring in their accounts for settlement, agreeable to law; and all persons indebted to said estate, are earnestly requested to make payment to

¶ JOHN CROZER, acting Executor.

Fourth Month, 28th, 1784.

ALL Persons indebted to the estate of HENRY WILSON, late of the borough of Bristol, Shop-keeper, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment. And those persons having demands against said estate are requested to make them known to

LYDIA WILSON, *Administratrix,*
† RICHARD HARTSHORNE, Administrator.

WHEREAS I the subscriber gave a Note of Twenty-five Pounds about a year ago, for a Tract of Land in Washington township, Cumberland county, payable the First day of May, 1784, unto a certain GEORGE COFMAN, and now I find that the said George Cofman cannot give a proper title for said land. I therefore forewarn all persons not to take an assignment of said note, as it was fraudulently obtained, I will not pay the same, unless compelled by law.

April 6, 1784. † GEORGE MESSEBOUGH.

RAN AWAY the night of the 9th instant, from the subscriber, living in Sadsbury township, Chester county, an Irish servant Man, named JOHN O'SKULLION, he is about 5 feet 7 inches high, thin smooth face, thin nose, full eyed, thin brown hair, had on and took with him a short brown coat, with the sleeves pieced with white cloth, a blue Sailor's jacket and corduroy breeches, a pair of old buckskin ditto, two wool hats, one old, the other new, one tow shirt and one linen ditto. Whoever takes up said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by † ALEXANDER M'PHERSON.

May 17, 1784.

EIGHTEEN DOLLARS Reward,

BROKE out of the county Goal of Newcastle, on Delaware, on the night of the 28th of April last, the three following NEGROE MEN, to wit; WILL, a stout made fellow, about 24 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, and is very black, had on a blue coat, striped green jacket, old buckskin breeches, white yarn stockings, and an old round fur hat: BOB, about 17 years of age, a slim made fellow, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, had on an old striped linsey jacket, old linen trowsers much worn, old yarn stockings, and an old fur hat: BILL, a slim made fellow, about 20 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, had on a dark linsey coat, striped linen under jacket, old black breeches, white yarn stockings, and old shoes. Whoever takes up the above described Negroes, and secures them in any goal, shall be entitled to the above reward, and reasonable charges, or in proportion for either of them.

† THOMAS CLARK, Goaler.

New-Castle, May 1, 1784.

For Charleston, South-Carolina,

The brig RUTLEDGE,
WINGATE NEWMAN, Master,

SHE is a new vessel, and has very good Accomodations for Passengers, and will be continued in the trade, to sail the 5th of June. For FREIGHT or PASSAGE, apply to JOHN REDMAN, or the Captain on board said brig, laying at Mifflin's Wharff, between Race and Vine-streets. Philad. May 19, 1784.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN on the 11th of this instant, out of the shed, at William Heaton's tavern, at the 14 mile stone, on the old York road, a bright bay MARE, saddle and bridle, 5 years old this spring, about 14 hands and an half high, one hind foot white, trots and canters well. Whoever secures and delivers said mare to the owner, and the thief brought to justice, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by the subscriber, living in Buckingham township, Bucks county.

May 13, 1784. ¶ CORNELIUS SHEPHERD.

TO BE RENTED,

A genteel brick HOUSE,

On the north side of Chesnut-street, between Second and Third-streets.

IT is three stories high, and has two rooms on each floor, the front rooms up stairs are the whole width of the house, the stair-case is carried up in a separate building, adjoining to which are a convenient brick kitchen, and a building very convenient for storing goods, both two stories high; there are excellent dry cellars under the whole, and in good order; and beyond the buildings is a small garden, fenced with good cedar pailing.

This house is excellently well situated for a gentleman in trade, and possession may be had immediately. For further particulars apply to the printers. §

TAKEN from a man, supposed to be a thief, A pair of silver mounted PISTOLS. Whoever hath lost the same, by applying to Justice M'MULLIN, in Southwark, may have them again, on proving property, and paying costs.

May 13, 1784. ¶

CAME to the plantation of Daniel Benezet, sen. near the Rising Sun, A dark brown COW, branded on both horns. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. JOSEPH BASKET. *May* 17, 1784.

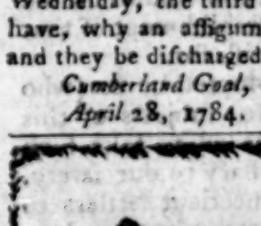
Douglass township, Berks county, April 27, 1784.

WHEREAS I the subscriber being wrongfully accused by one MARY WOULBERT, who, through the instigation of some of her lovers, hath sworn that she is big with child by me, and I being through threatening and persuasion compelled to marry her; but having since found out that she swore the child to the wrong person, I therefore desire all persons not to trust the said Mary Woulbert any thing on my account, for I will not pay any thing of her contracting from the date hereof, and never keep house with her. § PETER ECKEL.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

WAS STOLEN out of the stable of the subscriber, living in Oxford township, Philadelphia county, in the night of the 5th instant, a black horse, 7 years old last spring, neither brand nor ear-mark, his mane and foretop thin and short, a small star hardly perceivable, somewhat hollow backed, shod all round, a natural trotter, about 14 hands high, carries well when mounted; he is supposed to be taken by two men, the one middling lusty, with a purple cloth coat, corduroy breeches, a round hat, with mourning round it; the other a small sized man, with a blue coat, a large cocked hat; they say they have been light horse men. Whoever will deliver the horse and thief or thieves to the subscriber, living in Oxford township, Philadelphia county, shall be entitled to the above reward, or Four Dollars for the horse only, and reasonable charges, paid by

April 9, 1784. WILLIAM JOHNSON.



For DUBLIN,

THE BRIG

CONVENTION,

ROBERT WORKMAN, Master;

EXPECTED to sail about the 10th of June. For Freight or Passage, apply to the Captain on board, at STAMPER's Wharff, or CONYNGHAM, NESBITT & Co. †

N. B. As the Convention was purposely constructed for Dublin Harbour, she delivers her cargoe at the Custom-house Quay, which will be a great saving to the shippers. † May 18.

THE Subscribers, having obtained Certificates for the deficiencies of cloathing to the amount of upwards of TWENTY DOLLARS, for each non-commissioned officer and private in the late JERSEY LINE, *who served the full term of the War*; do hereby notify to all concerned, that they mean to attend at BRIDGETOWN, in Cumberland county, on the 28th of June next, and at TRENTON, from the 1st to the 3d of July.

† 7 W. J. PECK,)
Philad. May 12, 1784. J. BLAIR,) Agents.

THE Subscribers, prisoners, confined in goal for debt, hereby give public notice, to all their creditors, that they intend to apply to the next inferior Court of Common Pleas to be held in and for the county of Cumberland, in the state of New-Jersey, to have the benefit of the insolvent law; they are therefore requested to appear at the Courthouse in Bridgetown on Wednesday, the third of June next, to shew cause, if any they have, why an assignment of their estates should not be made, and they be discharged according to said law.

Cumberland Goal, EDWARD KETCHUM,
April 28, 1784. THOMAS M'GAY. ¶

SICKLES AND SCYTHES,

IN large or small quantities, are now preparing for the ensuing harvest, and to be sold by the subscriber, at the Sickle and Scythe, in Front-street, between Pine-street and the Drawbridge, Philadelphia. EVAN TRUMAN.

N. B. Said Truman makes all sorts of mill-irons, brandingirons, smiths bellows, and smiths work in general, in the best and neatest manner; also hath for sale, fullers, tobacconists, timber and millers screws, and a quantity of grindstones of the best quality.

Orders directed to Robert Lewis and Sons, and Levi Hollingsworth, in Philadelphia; or Thomas Clarkson and Co. in Portsmouth, Virginia, will be gratefully received, and punctually attended to. ¶ 6 w

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PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.